

icipate in the deep affliction which her Majesty feels on the death of the late King, who a constant desire to promote the interests, and maintain the liberties, and improve the laws and institutions of the country, will ensure to his name and memory the heartfelt and affectionate respect of his Majesty's subjects.

"The present state of public business at this period of the season, when considered in connexion with the law which imposes on her Majesty the duty of summoning a new Parliament within a limited time, renders it inexpedient, in the judgment of her Majesty, that any new measure should be recommended for your lordship's adoption, with the exception of such as may be required for carrying on public service, from the closing of the present session till the meeting of the new Parliament.

(Signed) VICTORIA, Regina.

LIVERPOOL, June 21.—Since our circular of the 15th inst. we have had a good demand for Cotton, both from the trade and speculators, and prices have advanced 1-8 a 1-4 per lb. In the early part of the week the quantity offering was moderate, but a good portion of the recent arrivals having since been placed on the market, there has been more choice, and holders appear disposed to meet the demand at the above improvement.

The sales for the week ended last evening amount to 36,410 bales, of which 7750 were uplands, at 4 1-2 a 20; 11,500 Orleans at 4 1-2 a 7 3-4, with 80 at 8 1-4; 8160 Mobile and Alabama at 4 1-8 a 7 1-2, and 70 Sea Islands at 15 a 28 per lb. Of the week's business 9500 bales were taken by speculators and 3400 for export. The import of the week has been heavy, viz: 45,725 bales, and our stock is now estimated at 393,900 bales, of which 262,500 is American, against 245,900 last year at same time, of which 167,300 were American.

Commercial Courier.

CAMDEN, S. C. AUGUST 5, 1837

MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE.—We are called on to record another melancholy and distressing instance of sudden death, which occurred on Saturday last, the 29th ult. in Middle Salem, Sumter dist. Miss ADELIN ANDERSON, a young lady of 16 or 17 years of age, daughter of Edward Anderson Esq., of Middle Salem, with a number of other young persons of both sexes, were on that day making a short pleasure excursion, on horseback, when Miss A. apparently fainted, and fell from her horse. She was instantly taken up, but the vital spark had flown. On further examination it was found, that in the fall her neck had been dislocated. Thus, in an unexpected moment, have the affectionate and afflicted parents been called on to mourn the sudden and violent death of the first child it has been their misfortune to lose.

It is astonishing, at least to us, what ridiculous words and phrases have gradually crept into our AMERICAN vocabulary, it would be foul slander to say ENGLISH. From Joe STRICKLAND, down to the present time, Jack DOWNING of course included, there has been a great rage for the ABSURD and RIDICULOUS. The dialect of a few ignorant bumpkins, has been imitated, not in the spelling and pronunciation of some common-place expressions, but throughout our language there is scarcely a phrase, or a sentiment so bare as to have escaped an introduction into the BARBAROUS dialect now so fashionable. Low Yankee slang, newly invented Western coinage, Indian blunders, Negro grammar, and African gibberish, having taken the place of PURITY, PROPRIETY and PRECISION of language; and if there is not some measure taken to arrest these inroads upon the English tongue, we may lay aside our dictionaries in despair.

We fear that this encroachment upon our mother tongue has been too much encouraged by our brethren of the Press, at all events we wish for the honor of our country abroad that such stuff should find its way ONLY into the columns of such newspapers as do not aspire to the honor of crossing the Atlantic. Here such ridiculous perversion of language is calculated to excite a smile, but when extracted from the columns of one to another, and lauded and admired as witty in the extreme, they become IMPORTANT in the eyes of others, and when they reach another COUNTRY are looked upon as specimens of NATIVE taste, and native JONATHANISM.

A writer in the Charleston Patriot over the signature of "RIO," states, that a society is formed in Columbia, under the auspices of the "Telescope," with the name of the NATIVE SOUTH CAROLINA SOCIETY, the object of which is to obtain such an alteration in the naturalization laws, as to require of aliens a residence of TWENTY-ONE YEARS in this country, before they are entitled to citizenship. This is the first we have heard of the matter, and from its absurdity are inclined to doubt. Will our neighbor inform us, whether "RIO" is right or not?

The election for members to the next Congress is taking place in several of the States at a much earlier period than usual, in consequence of the Extra Session which meets on the first Monday in September. In Maryland the contest has been the most severe, and conducted with more vigor than any where else.

The election, however, is just over, but enough not yet known to say how the State has gone, in the City of Baltimore, the Administration candidates have succeeded by considerable majorities.

CAPT. MARYATT, the celebrated novelist, is now in the United States, and a contributor to the columns of the New York Mirror. We have seen several of these articles and do not think them calculated to add either to the author's fame, or the credit of the Mirror. "The History of a Geomany other source, would not have been

admitted into that publication, and is just such a production as might have emanated from the brain of Mr. SHUFFLETON POPE himself.

"ROBERT WICKLIFFE, in refusing a nomination to Congress, says—'For my country's good, I decline becoming a candidate.'" The most sensible thought he ever expressed.—Louisville Adv.

The above reminds us of the patriotism of the convicts at Botany Bay, whose love of country is expressed in the following lines.

"True Patriots we, for be it understood,
We left our country, for our country's good."

We have been frequently amused at the taste displayed, on the recurrence of the Anniversary of our National Independence, in the toasts drunk at the festive board. But there is perhaps no people in any part of the country so perfectly original and peculiar in this matter as the Kentuckians.

The following three, follow each other in regular succession, as a portion of the REGULAR toasts drunk on the 4th July at a dinner, in Crittenden, Grant County, Kentucky.

6th. *Our Country.*—The same yesterday, to-day and forever—who disputes it? Magician! or no Magician!!

7th. *The Army and Navy of the U. S.*—Keep your eye skinned honeys—we are here.

8th. *The Constitution of the U. States.*—March up Boys—we will stand to it—'fodder or no fodder.'

Communications.

FOR THE COURIER.

MR. EDITOR:—"Every man to his trade," is a motto which has guided many a man to the highest attainments of success in his profession. And I do most sincerely believe, that if an individual would excel, he must be a man of one business. This we know applies very forcibly to religious matters: not that a religious man is to lay aside all terrestrial things, but he must be decidedly and universally a christian, if he would run the race so as to win. Now, Sir, as I am not a student on all subjects, when in need of some little knowledge for practical uses I would apply to those who profess to know such matters. The object of this communication is respectfully to ask some of the sons of Esculapius belonging to our town to inform your readers, under what circumstances the rays of the sun are injurious to the human system? or, in other words, what effects the rays of the sun have on the body under various circumstances. It must be generally believed that there are times when the direct rays of the sun will injure the most healthy. But sir, I have observed that the most of physicians never protect themselves from exposure of this kind. And, we all know that those who labor in the sun are the most healthy class of persons in the country. As it is not a busy time, I hope some one will gratify your readers, and among the rest,

Yours very respectfully,

PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE.

REMOVAL OF THE CHICKASAWS.—The Memphis Gazette of the 11th ult. says: "A party of 500 Chickasaw Indians, under the direction of the superintendent, Col. A. M. Upshaw, passed through this place on the 4th ult.

"They presented a handsome appearance being nearly all mounted, and, with few exceptions, well dressed in their national costume. It has been remarked by many of our citizens, who have witnessed the passage of emigrating Indians, that on no previous occasion was there as good order or more despatch. Not a drunken Indian we believe, was seen in the company; and the whole, after travelling eighteen miles, crossed the Mississippi on the same day.

"We are informed that there are but two or three on the sick list; and they are recovering. The Indians seem to be much pleased with the officers, and the greatest cheerfulness prevails amongst them."

The same paper adds, that the officers engaged in conducting the Indians had much difficulty in collecting them, owing to the interference of designing persons. Emubby, chief counsellor to the Chickasaw King, was murdered by a white man named Jones, shortly previous to the removal of the Indians, and much delay was apprehended in consequence of his death. No serious difficulty, however, occurred. Emubby is spoken of as a brave and generous warrior, who fought under Gen. Jackson in most of his wars.

"The following is a list of the officers, all of whom enjoy good health:

"Col. A. M. Upshaw, Superintendent; Capt. J. A. Phillips, U. S. A. Disbursing officer; D. Vanderslice, Esq. Assistant Superintendent; J. M. Millard, Conductor; Wm. R. Guy, Commissary and Assistant Conductor; F. G. Roche, Enrolling Agent; Dr. C. G. Keenan, Medical Director."

EXTRAORDINARY SURGICAL OPERATION. In passing along South Bridge yesterday forenoon, our attention was arrested by a great crowd of gentlemen, at the gate of the Royal Infirmary, Pressing inward. Joining the crowd, we were carried along with it to the Surgical Hospital, where we found the operating theatre crammed to excess, chiefly by medical gentlemen and students; among these were recognized Sir George Ballingal, Dr. MacLagan, Mr. Newbigging, Dr. Campbell, the surgeons

of the 14th light dragoons and the 42d regiment, besides many country surgeons. The excitement we have described was occasioned by the knowledge, that an operation never performed in Great Britain was to be done upon a young man by Professor Lizars. The case was what was technically called aneurism or the obclavian artery, so near the heart that the first large trunk required to be tied, namely, the *arterie innominata*. The young man, a carter, from Dalkeith, was placed upon the table, and the professor commenced by making an incision in the neck, and progressively cut down to the artery, when the ligature was applied. The operation was completely successful. The patient, who bore it with uncommon fortitude, was only on the table for fifteen minutes altogether. This, as we have already said, is the first operation of the kind which has been attempted in Great Britain. We understand that it was once successfully performed in Berlin, by Dr. Graeppe, and once in New-York, by Dr. Mott.—*Caledonian Mercury*.

AN ANECDOTE.—A young preacher in the State of Ohio, made a covenant with a small congregation to preach to them for one hundred dollars a year. When the clerical council were convened for his ordination, upon hearing the amount of his salary they remonstrated with the trustees, and endeavored to obtain six hundred for their young friend. Failing in that, they lessened their demand to four hundred, and then to three. The young preacher bore no share in this bargaining, the trustees would not increase the salary, and the ministers went away refusing to ordain the new incumbent. He continued to preach without ordination, and in a little time it was noted that the daughter of a wealthy member of another sect who had been in the habit of occasionally attending the young man's preaching, became a regular and a constant hearer. Mothersoon followed—then father. The young man won the whole family over to his faith and mode of worship—married the daughter and thirty thousand dollars, and generously continued preaching for his society for many years upon their own terms. It is related of him that when one of the elder brethren in the ministry made an application to him for pecuniary assistance in some church enterprise, the young husband answered that he would cheerfully contribute to it the expenses which had been incurred on the occasion of his ordination.—*N. Y. Sun*.

Who are the friends of the poor? The Cincinnati Whig says, "There are now at least 200 pilots and as many engineers, thrown out of employ by the falling off of business upon the western waters, and twelve or fifteen hundred hands. These are the times in which Benton was to have 'Gold running up the Mississippi, so fast; and with this empty sound he still attempts to cheat the people out of their common sense, and their bread. The gold has all run into the pocket of Benton and Company, while the common people are left without employment or means of living."

A PROBLEM FOR POLITICIANS.—If Gen. Jackson by his endeavors to restore a hard money currency, in eight years increased the number of banks from 329 to 823, how long will it take Mr. Van Buren, by "following in the footsteps" and "carrying out the policy" of Gen. Jackson, to abolish the Banks altogether?—An answer is requested.—*Illinois Patriot*.

Commercial.

Latest dates from Liverpool, . . . June 24.
Latest dates from Havre, . . . June 24.

BALTIMORE, July 28
COFFEE.—We have no transactions of moment to report, the sales being confined to trifling lots for the wants of the city trade.

COTTON.—Sales of Uplands and Mobile at 11 a 13 1-4 cents.

HOWARD STREET FLOUR.—The sales from stores are making at \$9 a \$9 50, according to quality and the quantity taken. In consequence of the limited receipts, and accurate wagon price is not easily quoted. Some few wagon loads, made entirely of western wheat have been taken at \$8 75 a \$9, while the wagon rate for receipts of other descriptions ranges from \$8 25 to \$8 50.

CORN.—Both sorts have ruled at about \$1 per bushel throughout the week, and so stand to-day. Occasionally a cent or two more or less paid, according to the quality of the parcel.

MOLASSES.—At auction on Thursday 30 bbs. N. Orleans were sold at 33 cents.

PROVISIONS.—We advance our quotations for Pork; and now quote Mess at 22. No. 1 at \$19; and prime at \$18. There have been considerable transactions in Western Bacon, during the week, at 10 1-2 cts. for very prime lots of assorted, and at 10 cts. for good parcels. The demand appears to have fallen off within a day or two past. We note a sale of 150 hogs No. 1 Lard at 10 cents on time, and other parcels at 8 cts.

Camden Price Current.

*SATURDAY, August 5, 1837.

Cotton,	7 a 10
Corn, per bushel,	1 a 12
Flour, country, per barrel,	8 a 9 00
" Northern, do	13 a 14 00
Sugar, per lb.	c9 a 12 50
Coffee,	14 a 16
Bacon,	12 1-2 a 15
Salt, per sack,	\$3 a 3 50
Fodder, per cwt.	1 25 a 37
Whiskey,	40 a 50
Chickens,	18 a 30
Eggs,	18
Butter,	18 a 25
Beef,	8 a 10

REMARKS.

COTTON.—There is but little doing in the Cotton market.

CORN.—This article is scarce and in demand. We quote \$1 00 a \$1 12, out of the wagons.

FLOUR.—Country.—This article is very scarce, and in demand. We quote from the wagons \$9. Several loads of the new crop have come in this week and was sold at the above quotation.

BACON.—We quote this article from the wagons at 10 1-2 a 12c per pound.

LARD.—This article ranges from 10 to 12 1-2 cts. per lb.

Departed this life at Sumterville, S. C. on Tuesday morning the 25th July, Mr. MARK SOLOMON, a resident of the said place.

Mr. S. was a European by birth. He settled in this country many years ago, and became an adopted citizen of the same.

He had been long engaged in mercantile business—and had the confidence and respect of all to whom he was known.

He has left a widow and large family to lament his irreparable loss, and a numerous circle of friends who deeply sympathize with them in their bereavement.

Oration—Price 12 1-2 cents.

THE ORATION OF JAMES CHE NUT, jr. is just printed, and for sale at Mr. Alexander Young's Book Store, at Mr. J. L. Jones' Store, and at this Office.

NOTICE.—All persons having demands against MARK SOLOMON deceased, late merchant of Sumterville, So. Ca., will render them in duly attested—and all indebted to the said deceased, will make payment without delay to F. L. MOSES, Sumterville, S. C.

August 5 14 3t

COMMITTED, to the Jail of Sumter District, on the 27th July 1837, a runaway negro, who says his name is PRINCE, and that he belongs to Mr. Nicholas Pea, of Fairfield District. He has on the left cheek bone a small scar, which he says he received from a burn when he was young. He is about forty-five years of age, five feet, five or six inches high. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

August 5 14 2 H. S. EVELEIGH, D. S.

TO THE PUBLIC.—I forwarn all persons against trading for a note of hand given by me, to Gilbert Crosswell of Bishopville, S. C. for Ten dollars, as said note was given as a difference in a Watch trade, and I am determined not to pay it unless compelled by law, as the Watch, for which I traded with him, has not proved to be what he warranted it.

Camden, August 5, 1837. 14 5 1t

NOTICE.—The subscriber has for sale the following Liquors, viz:

Pale Sherry, Tenerife, Madeira, Claret and Port wines. Cognac Brandy, Holland Gin and a variety of Cordials, all of the best quality, which he will sell ALITTLE over cost and charges.

Also a neat and substantial Barouche with Harness, suitable for one or two horses.

August 5 14 3t JAMES MEWEN.

NOTICE. The subscriber having made arrangements to leave Carolina early next Fall, offers for sale, the dwelling house in Camden, on DeKalb street, nearly opposite the Presbyterian Church, in which he now resides, having three lots attached. Also, his house and lot in Logtown, now occupied by the Rev. James Jenkins.

Also all those unimproved Lots and parts of Lots of Ground in said town, composed of numbers 763, 784, 785, 786, 787 and 788, having a front on Lytleton street, and lying in rear of the Lots of Abrin D. Jones, Kerr Boyce, Mrs. Levy, Benj. Haile and his own lot in Logtown. And also, a few in the Presbyterian Church. Persons desirous to purchase, shall be accommodated on reasonable terms.

I would be glad that all persons indebted to me, would make immediate payment, in order to meet the demands against me, before I leave Camden.

August 5, 1837. 14 5 9. JOHN J. BLAIR.

Notice. All persons indebted to the Courier Office for ADVERTISING and JOB WORK, for the quarter, are informed that they will be called on for payment, according to the following notice.

August 5,

To the Courier Patrons. We take this method of informing our patrons that all Job work and Advertising accounts will be made out, and presented for payment Quarterly.

Persons living out of the State, who send Advertisements and Job-work, are requested to state, who, and where their accounts are to be sent for payment.

May 6, 1837.

PROSPECTUS

Camden Commercial Courier.

THE Establishment of the COMMERCIAL COURIER was rendered necessary by the inconvenience to which our citizens have been subjected for the want of a public channel of communication which in a commercial community like Camden, is essentially necessary, and consequently the COURIER'S claim on the public is such as should ensure a liberal patronage.

The undersigned have spared no trouble or expense in obtaining the best workmen in order to render the Paper all the advantages that it will admit of, and affording satisfaction to its patrons.

In political matters the Courier will take no part; the design being to publish a Paper adapted to the interest of ALL, which could not be effected by its entering into the arena of Politics—it will be confined principally to such matter as appertains to Commerce, Agriculture and Amusement.

The COURIER is published every Saturday morning at Three Dollars in advance, or Four Dollars if not paid until the expiration of the year.

Persons wishing to become subscribers must address a letter (POST PAID) to

L. M. JONES & Co

Camden, S. C. May, 1837.

NOTICE.—The new Steamboat Company beg leave to inform the public that they are having a boat built in Baltimore of a light draught of water, for the express purpose of plying betwixt Camden and Charleston, and to be here early in Sept. It is confidently believed that she will be able with ease to navigate the Waterway at any stage of the river. Merchants and others from the upper country, will find it to their interest to have their goods and produce sent through this channel, as the freights will be reasonable,—in no case whatever, will any additional charge be made for lighterage, nor any exertions or expense wanting to ensure regularity and despatch. She will ply in conjunction with the new steamer "Camden," whose success this last season has put the navigation of the Waterway by steam beyond a doubt. Both boats will be able to accommodate passengers comfortably, being neatly fitted up, with the ladies and gentlemen's cabins distinct and separate.

BENJ. GASS, Agent New S. B. Company.

June 24 8 9t

The Charlotte Journal and Salisbury Watchman will insert the above once a week for two months and forward their bills to this office.

MILITARY ORDER.

AN election will be held on Saturday, the 5th Aug. for Ensign of Boat No. 2. Polls open at 10 o'clock, A. M.

John Workman, and Wm. B. Johnson, Managers.

H. HOLLEYMAN, c. s. c. No. 2.

July 29 13 2

NOTICE.—All persons having demands against the estate of David Scott deceased, late of this place, are requested to render them to the subscriber, properly attested within the time prescribed by law; and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

July 29 13 4 H. HOLLEYMAN Admr

BRIGADE ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS, }
Hobkirk, 15th July 1837. }
PURSUANT to order from the Commander-in-Chief, the commissioned officers and sergeants of the 5th Brigade will assemble at Camden at 10 o'clock A. M., on Monday the 28th August next, for six days encampment.

The following Regiments are ordered to assemble for drill, inspection and review at the times and places herein mentioned, viz:

The 21st and 22d Regiments at Grier's store on the main road leading from Camden to Lancaster, at 10 o'clock A. M., on Tuesday the 5th September next. The 20th and 44th Regiments at Sumterville, at 10 o'clock A. M., on Friday the 8th Sept. next. The commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the 20th and 44th Regiments will assemble the day previous for drill.

The Colonels or officers commanding Regiments are required to extend this order and make returns of their Regiments and public arms in use before the 10th September next.

The Brigade Staff are ordered to attend the encampment and review.

W. ANTEY, Brig'r. Gen. 5th Brigade.

July 29 13 5

BRIGADE ORDERS.

HEAD QUARTERS, }
Hobkirk, 15th July 1837. }
CHRISTOPHER MATHESON, Esq. having been appointed Pay Master to the 5th Brigade, South Carolina Militia, will be obeyed and respected accordingly. J. W. ANTEY, Brig'r. Gen. 5th Brigade.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GLOBE.

PROSPECTUS FOR THE CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE AND APPENDIX.

Sensible of the deep interest which must be felt throughout the Union in the proceedings of a new Congress, convoked by the new administration, to meet the extraordinary emergencies which have arisen since the close of General Jackson's term of service, the undersigned have already made preparations to furnish their annual report in the form of a Congressional Globe. As these successive publications comprise a full and faithful record of all that is done in Congress—sketches of the attendant discussions, with an Appendix containing the finished speeches prepared by the members themselves—they are suited not only to gratify the curiosity of the hour, to inform the distant constituency of the part performed by their immediate representatives, and of the result of the labors of all; but, we doubt not, they will be found permanently useful as the most authentic, complete, and convenient parliamentary record of our times. This undertaking being, with these views, been liberally patronized by the public, it is our purpose to justify this early and continued favor by increasing the strength of our corps of Reporters at the next fall and winter Sessions. The Fall session will be looked to by the country to settle all that has been unsettled by the overthrow of the system of Deposits as established by Congress—the overthrow of the currency as established by the Constitution—and the overthrow of the system of revenue, both as a means of adequate supply for present demands, the maintenance of manufactures, and the regulation of commerce. Every thing of pecuniary interest to the Government and the nation will be involved in the discussions of the next Congress; and it was because the President would not have those all important subjects left to Executive discretion a moment beyond the time when a full Congress could be summoned, that the September session was convoked. The machinery of government, even when thrown out of gear, must continue to work—but when so disordered, its movement may be driven in a wrong direction. The Representatives of the people are alone competent to set all to rights. No Democratic Chief Magistrate would continue, in the condition of things at present existing, to substitute Executive expedients for clearly defined law springing from the public will.

TERMS.—For the Congressional Globe, during the first two sessions of the 25th Congress \$2 00
For the Appendix to the Congressional Globe, during the first two sessions of the 25th Congress \$2 00

Any person sending us the money for five copies of either of the above publications, will be entitled to a copy.

Payments may be transmitted by mail, post-paid, at our risk. The notes of any incorporated Bank in the United States, which did not suspend specie payments before the 1st of May, 1837, will be received. But when subscribers can procure the notes of Banks in the Northern and Middle States, they will please send them.

To insure all the numbers, the money must be here by the first Monday in September next.

The Congressional Globe will be sent to those papers that copy this Prospectus if our attention shall be directed to it by a mark with a pen. Our Exchange list is so large that we would not observe it, probably, unless this be done.

No attention will be paid to any order, unless the money accompany it, or unless some responsible person, known to us to be so, shall agree to pay it before the session expires.

BLAIR & RIVES.
Washington City, June 24, 1837.

The Vegetable Elixir.

PREPARED BY F. S. BRONSON.

IT is with great pleasure the subscriber informs the public that he has completed the mixture of the VEGETABLE ELIXIR. This medicine is composed of Roots which grow in this State. It is useless to enter into a detail of the value of this Medicine, (or any other Root medicine,) as it is well known that ALL ROOTS have valuable Medical properties. He would also state that there is not the least danger in the use of the ELIXIR. For the following named diseases, there is no medicine made or vended at the present time, better calculated to relieve the afflicted, than the VEGETABLE ELIXIR.

For Rheumatism and Consumption, the ELIXIR should be used internally and externally.

For Dyspepsia or Dysury, he would also recommend the use of the ELIXIR, as he feels confident it will prove highly beneficial to those who use it.

To those who are afflicted with Pustules, Eruptive Distempers, and Venereal diseases, he particularly recommends the use of the VEGETABLE ELIXIR. Without the fear of contradiction, he recommends this Medicine as the BEST now in use—as it has proved successful in every case in which it has been used.

Orders addressed to the subscriber or Mr. J. R. McKain, will be promptly attended to. The ELIXIR may always be had at J. R. McKain's Drug Store, Camden, S. C.

F. S. BRONSON.
PRICE—75 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of two executions to me directed, I will be sold before the Court House door in Camden, on the 1st Monday in August next.

One tract of Land containing 201 acres more or less, on the waters of Buffalo creek, adjoining lands of John Massey and Michael Horton. Leveled on and to be sold as the property of Nathan Catoe, at the suits of C. L. Hunley and Henry Wener.

Conditions cash, purchasers to pay for papers.
July 15 11 WM. ROSSER, s. r. d.